

Ethereum address

0x + 40 hex characters Ethereum address.

```
^0x[a-fA-F0-9]{40}$
```

Token-by-token breakdown

Token	Meaning
^	start of string (or line in multiline mode)
0x	literal text "0x"
[a-fA-F0-9]{40}	exactly 40 times: any of: a–f, A–F, digits
\$	end of string (or line in multiline mode)

Quick usage in 7 languages

JavaScript	<pre>const re = /^0x[a-fA-F0-9]{40}\$/; re.test(value);</pre>
Python	<pre>import re re.match(r"^0x[a-fA-F0-9]{40}\$", value)</pre>
Java	<pre>Pattern.compile("^0x[a-fA-F0-9]{40}\$").matcher(value).matches();</pre>
C# / .NET	<pre>Regex.IsMatch(value, @"^0x[a-fA-F0-9]{40}\$");</pre>
Go	<pre>regexp.MustCompile(`^0x[a-fA-F0-9]{40}\$`).MatchString(value)</pre>
Ruby	<pre>/^0x[a-fA-F0-9]{40}\$/ .match?(value)</pre>
PHP	<pre>preg_match('~^0x[a-fA-F0-9]{40}\$~', \$value);</pre>

Common pitfalls

- **Anchored to the whole string.** This pattern uses ^ and \$, so it requires the entire input to match. To find it inside a longer text, drop the anchors and use the global (g) flag.
- **Case sensitivity.** Letter ranges are case-sensitive — use the i flag if the input case can vary.
- **Validate beyond format.** Matching the format doesn't guarantee the value is real. Confirm the ethereum address against a source of truth (database, API, or checksum) where it matters.